

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 08/16/2006

APPLICATION NO	).	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/735,368		12/12/2003	Charles Stanley Aldrich	2003-0377.02	1810
21972	7590	08/16/2006		EXAMINER	
		RNATIONAL, INC. ROPERTY LAW DEF	FIDLER, SHELBY LEE		
		RCLE ROAD	ARIMENI	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
BLDG. 08 LEXINGT		40550-0999		2861	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<u> </u>
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/735,368	ALDRICH ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Shelby Fidler	2861	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a read will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON ute, cause the application to become AB	CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication (ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16	June 2006.		
2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) ⊠ Th			
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ers, prosecution as to the merits	is	
closed in accordance with the practice under	: Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1 and 4-18 is/are pending in the ap	plication.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr	awn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) <u>1,4-6,10-13,15 and 18</u> is/are rejected	ed.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	for election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>12/12/2003</u> is/are: a)	⊠ accepted or b)  objecte	ed to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	•		
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	1 Office Action or form P1O-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:	gn priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume			
2. Certified copies of the priority docume			
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	•	received in this National Stage	
application from the International Bure  * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	received	
See the attached detailed embe determent of a li-	or and defining doping flot		
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0</li> </ol>		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		

Application/Control Number: 10/735,368

Art Unit: 2861

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1, 4-6, 10-13, 15, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kosaka et al. (US 6283577 B1) in view of Niimura (US 2003/0214659 A1).

## Regarding claim 1:

**Kosaka et al. teach** of a method of performing printhead maintenance firing in an ink jet printer that has a printhead carrier (*carriage 4, Fig. 2*) that carries an ink jet printhead (*recording head 6, Fig. 2*), the ink jet printer having a waste ink receptacle (*case 7, Fig. 2*), comprising the steps of:

decelerating the printhead carrier from a first velocity (col. 5, lines 23-26) after printing print data (col. 5, lines 20-22); and

controlling a firing of the printhead during the decelerating (col. 6, lines 20-24) in accordance with maintenance data (inherent to the flushing process) so that ink droplets ejected from the printhead during the decelerating (col. 6, lines 20-24) are received by the waste ink receptacle (col. 3, lines 52-56); and

maintenance data ejection occurs after print data ejection (col. 6, lines 20-24)

Kosaka et al. do not expressly teach that the maintenance data being added to the print data for a particular printing swath pass for serialization to the printhead; and

wherein a timing segment is interposed between the print data and the maintenance data

However, Niimura teaches that the maintenance data (*preliminary discharge image data*) being added to the print data (*print image data*) for a particular printing swath pass for serialization to the printhead (*S412 of Fig. 4 and paragraph 47, lines 1-12*); and

wherein a timing segment (*NULL data*) is interposed between the print data and the maintenance data (*paragraph 47, lines 7-12*)

At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add maintenance data to print data for a particular printing swath pass into the invention of Kosaka et al. The motivation for doing so, as taught by Niimura, is to execute an efficient processing for nozzle recovery (*paragraph 5*).

## Regarding claims 4 and 12:

Kosaka et al. as modified by Niimura teach of calculating the data length of the timing segment based on a length of the print data (paragraph 47, lines 3-12; since print image data, preliminary discharge image data, and NULL data are combined to form one raster of image data, the NULL data must be based on the length of the print image data)

# Regarding claims 5 and 13:

Kosaka et al. as modified by Niimura teach that the timing segment is composed of zeros data (NULL data, paragraph 47, lines 7-12 of Niimura)

#### Regarding claims 6 and 15:

Kosaka et al. as modified by Niimura teach that the waste ink receptacle is positioned at a fixed location (col. 3, lines 52-56 of Kosaka)

### Regarding claims 10 and 18:

Kosaka et al. as modified by Niimura teach that the waste ink receptacle is positioned at a predetermined location outside a print zone (printing zone) of the ink jet printer (preliminary

Art Unit: 2861

discharge positions PJ1 and PJ2, Fig. 3 and paragraph 38 of Niimura), and positioned in relation to an edge of a sheet of print media (Figs. 2 and 3 of Niimura)

Page 4

## Regarding claim 11:

Kosaka et al. teach a method of performing printhead maintenance firing in an ink jet printer that has a printhead carrier (*carriage 4, Fig. 2*) that carries an ink jet printhead (*recording head 6, Fig. 2*), the ink jet printer having a waste ink receptacle (*case 7, Fig. 2*), comprising the steps of:

receiving print data in a form of print data segments (obvious to the transfer of data in col. 4, lines 30-33);

generating a maintenance segment (obvious to the flushing operation of col. 5, lines 35-38); accelerating the printhead carrier to a first velocity (col. 5, lines 18-20); serializing the print data segments to the pirnthead (col. 5, lines 35-38); decelerating the printhead carrier during the maintenance segment (col. 5, lines 20-25);

controlling a firing of the printhead in accordance with data in the maintenance segment (col. 5, lines 35-38) so that ink droplets ejected from the printhead during the decelerating (col. 6, lines 20-24) are received by the waste ink receptacle (col. 3, lines 52-56); wherein

maintenance data ejection occurs after print data ejection (col. 6, lines 20-24);

Kosaka et al. do not expressly teach generating a timing segment; adding the timing segment and maintanenace segment to the print data segments; and serializing the timing segment and maintenance segment to the printhead

However, Niimura teaches generating a timing segment (dummy data; paragraph 47, lines

and

adding the timing segment and maintenance segment to the print data segments (paragraph 47, lines 3-12); and

serializing the timing segment and maintenance segment to the printhead (paragraph 7).

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-18 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Please see above rejection of Kosaka et al. (US 6283577 B1) in view of Niimura (US 2003/0214659 A1), which teaches maintenance data that is appended to print data for a particular printing swath.

# Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 7-9, 14, and 16-17 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 7-9 indicate allowable subject matter since the prior art of record does not teach a method of performing printhead maintenance firing including the step of determining a length of the waste ink receptacle, which is positioned to begin at a predetermined location, is determined by the formula:  $L=[(Dgap/Vd) \times Vc] + (N/Dpi)$ , wherein Dgap is a gap distance from the printhead to a surface of the waste ink receptacle; Vd is a droplet velocity of ink droplets ejected from the printhead; Vc is a carrier velocity of the printhead carrier; Vc is the number of spit fires per nozzle; and Vc is the resolution in combination with other features and limitations of claim 7.

Claims 14 indicates allowable subject matter since the prior art of record does not teach a method of performing printhead maintenance firing including the step of serilizing the print data segments and the timing segment when the printhead carrier is moving at the first velocity in combination with other features and limitations of claim 14.

Claims 16-17 indicate allowable subject matter since the prior art of record does not teach a method of performing printhead maintenance firing including the step of determining a length of the waste ink receptacle, which is positioned to begin at a predetermined location, is determined by the formula: L=[(Dgap/Vd) x Vc] + (N/Dpi), wherein Dgap is a gap distance from the printhead to a surface of the waste ink receptacle; Vd is a droplet velocity of ink droplets ejected from the printhead; Vc is a carrier velocity of the printhead carrier; N is the number of spit fires per nozzle; and Dpi is the resolution in combination with other features and limitations of claim 16.

#### Communication with the USPTO

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shelby Fidler whose telephone number is (571) 272-8455. The examiner can normally be reached on MWF 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vip Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2458. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/735,368

Art Unit: 2861

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SF 8/9/06

Shelby Fidler Patent Examiner AU 2861 Vip Patel

Supervisory Examiner

Page 7

AU 2861